

Attachment A

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State of
DEPARTMENT OF

FIREARMS DIVISION
P.O. Box 160487
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Public: 916-263-4887

IMPORTANT NOTICE

California Department of Justice Information Regarding the Sale/Possession of Newly Identified AR-15/AK 47 "Series" Firearms

The Department of Justice (hereafter "the Department") has received numerous contacts from the public and firearms industry personnel regarding the legality of various AR-15/AK 47 "series" style firearms that have not yet been identified as "series" assault weapons by the Department. The Department is also aware of the recent high volume of sales of these firearms.

The Department has the statutory authority to identify "series" assault weapons. In 2000, the California Supreme Court upheld that authority in *Kasler v. Lockyer* (2000) 23 Cal. 4th 472. The Department updated the list of "series" weapons in 2000 (as "Category 2" assault weapons), shortly after the *Kasler* decision.

The California Supreme Court reiterated in 2003 that "the Attorney General has the authority to determine that certain semiautomatic firearms are assault weapons by simply identifying them as such in the list published by the Attorney General in the California Code of Regulations...two types of firearms defined in Penal Code (PC) section 12276 by the use of the term series, namely the AK-47 series and the Colt AR-15 series." *Harrott v. County of Kings* (2003) 25 Cal. 4th 1138, 1155.

Accordingly, the Department is currently in the process of identifying those firearms in the state that are variations, with minor differences, of AR-15/AK 47 "series" weapons. Once this process is complete, the Department will promulgate a list and file it with the Secretary of State's office. Concurrently, the Department will begin updating the Assault Weapon Identification Guide which is currently available via the Department's website at <http://ag.ca.gov/firearms/forms/index.html>. Once the list of newly identified "series" weapons is filed with the Secretary of State, citizens who possess those weapons will have 90 days to register them with the Department of Justice.

Newly identified "series" weapons cannot legally have the features listed

2/2006

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Page Two

The registration period for assault weapons with those characteristics (Category 3 assault weapons) ended on December 31, 2000. Because *non-series* assault weapons with PC section 12276.1 features may not be offered for sale, manufactured, imported, or possessed in California, it follows that newly registered *series* weapons may not have the features listed in PC section 12276.1, either.

The prohibition on the features listed in PC section 12276.1 is consistent with current DOJ policy that named *series* weapons are illegal, unless registered, regardless of whether they have the PC section 12276.1 features. It is also consistent with the intent of the California state legislature to ban assault weapons, expressed in 1991 when PC section 12276(f) was enacted.

This section is declaratory of existing law, as amended, and a clarification of the law and the Legislature's intent which bans the weapons enumerated in this section, the weapons included in Section 12276.5, and any other models which are only minor variations of those weapons with minor differences, regardless of the manufacturer [emphasis added].

It should be noted that individuals who timely registered "Category 1" and "Category 2" assault weapons were allowed to keep or add the PC section 12276.1 features on their firearms. Those generic features were not illegal during the registration period for Category 1 assault weapons. In August of 2000, when the Department identified the Category 2 *series* weapons, it was legal to register weapons with those characteristics as Category 3 assault weapons. Firearms with those features could no longer be registered as of January 1, 2001. Therefore, newly identified *series* (Category 4) weapons likewise cannot have those features.

Registrants of newly identified series weapons cannot legally add PC section 12276.1 features to those firearms. The Department intends to enforce this restriction through the assault weapon registration process. Registration acknowledgment letters will include an admonition to registrants that adding prohibited features to newly registered assault weapons will invalidate the registration. The basis for valid registration will rest solely on the fact that the Department identifies the receivers for these firearms as variations, with minor differences, of already controlled AR-15/AK 47 *series* weapons. All additional features of the newly identified *series* weapons must conform with current California law.

Firearm manufacturers, wholesalers and dealers who misinform the public about the ability to legally add prohibited features to these newly listed firearms risk criminal prosecution. They could also face civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per violation under the state's Unfair Practices Act (California Business & Professions Code section 17000 et seq.).

This information will be distributed to criminal justice agencies throughout the state, as well as to firearm dealers listed on the Department's Centralized List, via the formal Information Bulletin process.

in PC section 12276.1 when they are registered. Those features cannot legally be added after the firearms are registered as assault weapons. The PC section 12276.1 features have been banned since January 1, 2000, when Senate Bill 23 went into effect. The public was notified of the prohibition on the specified features many years ago.

Attachment B

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The Department has the statutory authority to identify "series" assault weapons. In 2000, the California Supreme Court upheld that authority in *Kasler v. Lockyer* (2000) 23 Cal. 4th 472. The Department updated the list of "series" weapons in 2000 (as "Category 2" assault weapons), shortly after the *Kasler* decision.

The California Supreme Court reiterated in 2001 that "the Attorney General has the authority to determine that certain semiautomatic firearms are assault weapons by simply identifying them as such in the list published by the Attorney General in the California Code of Regulations...two types of firearms defined in Penal Code (PC) section 12276 by the use of the term series, namely the AK-47 series and the Colt AR-15 series." *Harrott v. County of Kings* (2001) 25 Cal. 4th 1138, 1155.

Accordingly, the Department is currently in the process of identifying those firearms in the state that are variations, with minor differences, of AR-15/AK 47 "series" weapons. Once this process is complete, the Department will promulgate a list and file it with the Secretary of State's office. Concurrently, the Department will begin updating the Assault Weapon Identification Guide which is currently available via the Department's website at <http://ag.ca.gov/firearms/forms/index.html>. Once the list of newly identified "series" weapons is filed with the Secretary of State, citizens who possess those weapons will have 90 days to register them with the Department of Justice.

Newly identified "series" weapons cannot legally have the features listed in PC section 12276.1 when they are registered. Those features cannot legally be added after the firearms are registered as assault weapons. The PC section 12276.1 features have been banned since January 1, 2000, when Senate Bill 23 went into effect. The public was notified of the prohibition on the specified features many years ago.

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Page Two

The registration period for assault weapons with those characteristics (Category 3 assault weapons) ended on December 31, 2000. Because *non-series* assault weapons with PC section 12276.1 features may not be offered for sale, manufactured, imported, or possessed in California, it follows that newly registered *series* weapons may not have the features listed in PC section 12276.1, either.

The prohibition on the features listed in PC section 12276.1 is consistent with current DOJ policy that named *series* weapons are illegal, unless registered, regardless of whether they have the PC section 12276.1 features. It is also consistent with the intent of the California state legislature to ban assault weapons, expressed in 1991 when PC section 12276(f) was enacted.

This section is declaratory of existing law, as amended, and a clarification of the law and the Legislature's intent which bans the weapons enumerated in this section, the weapons included in Section 12276.5, and any other models which are only minor variations of those weapons with minor differences, regardless of the manufacturer [emphasis added].

It should be noted that individuals who timely registered "Category 1" and "Category 2" assault weapons were allowed to keep or add the PC section 12276.1 features on their firearms. Those generic features were not illegal during the registration period for Category 1 assault weapons. In August of 2000, when the Department identified the Category 2 *series* weapons, it was legal to register weapons with those characteristics as Category 3 assault weapons. Firearms with those features could no longer be registered as of January 1, 2001. Therefore, newly identified *series* (Category 4) weapons likewise cannot have those features.

Registrants of newly identified series weapons cannot legally add PC section 12276.1 features to those firearms. The Department intends to enforce this restriction through the assault weapon registration process. Registration acknowledgment letters will include an admonition to registrants that adding prohibited features to newly registered assault weapons will invalidate the registration. The basis for valid registration will rest solely on the fact that the Department identifies the receivers for these firearms as variations, with minor differences, of already controlled AR-15/AK 47 *series* weapons. All additional features of the newly identified *series* weapons must conform with current California law.

Firearm manufacturers, wholesalers and dealers who misinform the public about the ability to legally add prohibited features to these newly listed firearms risk criminal prosecution. They could also face civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per violation under the state's Unfair Practices Act (California Business & Professions Code section 17000 et seq.).

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Attachment C

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

California Department of Justice Information Regarding the Sale/Possession of Unnamed AR- 15/AK 47 "Series" Firearms

The Department of Justice (hereafter "the Department") has received numerous inquiries from the public and firearms industry personnel about the legality of various AR-15/AK 47 "series" style firearms that have not been named by the Department as "series" assault weapons. The Department believes that the public and law enforcement are best served by reference to the generic definition of assault weapons set forth in SB 23, rather than reliance upon a scheme of identifying assault weapons by name. Therefore, the Department will not update the list of "series" assault weapons.

SB 23 has banned the possession, sale and manufacture of firearms with the characteristics of assault weapons as defined in California Penal Code §12276.1 since January 1, 2000. A semiautomatic centerfire rifle with the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and any of the generic features listed in Penal Code §12276.1(a)(1) is contraband unless it was registered prior to January 1, 2001. It is illegal to manufacture, cause to be manufactured, distribute, transport, import, keep for sale, offer or expose for sale, give or lend such a weapon, except as permitted by law.

Law enforcement officials, firearm dealers and the public should be aware that semiautomatic centerfire rifles that are modified to be temporarily incapable of accepting detachable magazines, but can be restored to accommodate detachable magazines, are assault weapons if they have any of the features listed in §12276.1(a)(1). The Department intends to exercise its power pursuant to Penal Code section 12276.5(i) to adopt regulations as "necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent" of California law to ban assault weapons in the state.

Individuals who own firearms that meet the generic definition of assault weapons banned by SB 23 must do one of the following in order to comply with existing law: remove the features, sell the firearm (without the features), or permanently alter the firearm so that it cannot accept a detachable magazine.

It remains illegal to possess assault weapons banned by name (either in statute or regulation), unless those assault weapons are registered and possessed in accordance with state law. The time limits for registration, which depend on the make and model of the assault weapon, are set forth in Penal Code §12285.